

# Traffic Management Act 2004

### **CHAPTER 18**

## **CONTENTS**

#### PART 1

#### TRAFFIC OFFICERS

## Traffic officers for England and for Wales

- Traffic officers: introduction
- 2 Designation of traffic officers

## Jurisdiction and powers of traffic officers

- 3 Jurisdiction of traffic officers
- Powers to direct traffic officers
  The special powers of a traffic officer
  Powers to stop or direct traffic
- 7 Powers to place temporary traffic signs
- 8 Power to confer further special powers on traffic officers
- 9 Removal of certain vehicles by traffic officers

## Miscellaneous and supplementary

- 10 Offences
- 12 Power to charge for traffic officer services provided on request
- 13 Power to acquire land14 Financial assistance to authorised persons
- 15 Interpretation of Part 1

- Scaffolding, building materials and excavations: charge determined by reference to duration of occupation of highway
- 70 Sections 66 to 69: supplementary

# Guidance as to safety precautions

# 71 Guidance to local highway authorities as to safety precautions

## PART 6

#### CIVIL ENFORCEMENT OF TRAFFIC CONTRAVENTIONS

# Civil penalties for road traffic contraventions

- Civil penalties for road traffic contraventions
- 73 Contraventions subject to civil enforcement
- 74 Civil enforcement areas
- 75 Power to require authority to apply for civil enforcement powers
- 76 Civil enforcement officers
- 77 Setting the level of penalty charges

# Notification, adjudication and enforcement

- 78 Notification of penalty charge
- 79 Immobilisation of vehicle where penalty charge payable
- 80 Representations and appeals
  81 Adjudicators
- 82 Enforcement of penalty charges
- 83 Certificated bailiffs

## Additional contraventions in special enforcement areas

- 84 Designation of special enforcement areas
- 85 Prohibition of double parking etc.
- 86 Prohibition of parking at dropped footways etc.

#### Supplementary

- 87 Guidance to local authorities
- Financial provisions 88
- 89 Regulations and orders
- 90 Application to Crown and visiting forces
- 91 Consequential amendments
- 92 Minor definitions
- 93 Index of defined expressions

#### Part 7

#### MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

- 94 Power to inspect blue badges
- 95 Application of surplus income from parking places
- 96 Wales
- 97 Financial provision

- (c) the vehicle is so parked for no longer than is necessary and for no more than 20 minutes.
- (5) The fourth exception is where -
  - (a) the vehicle is being used in connection with any of the following-
    - (i) undertaking any building operation, demolition or excavation,
    - (ii) the collection of waste by a local authority,
    - (iii) removing an obstruction to traffic,
    - (iv) undertaking works in relation to a road, a traffic sign or road lighting, or
    - (v) undertaking works in relation to a sewer or water main or in relation to the supply of gas, electricity, water or communications services,
  - (b) it cannot be so used without being parked as mentioned in subsection (1), and
  - (c) it is so parked for no longer than is necessary.
- (6) In this section "carriageway" has the meaning given by section 329(1) of the Highways Act 1980 (c. 66).
- (7) References in this section to parking include waiting, but do not include stopping where—
  - (a) the driver is prevented from proceeding by circumstances beyond his control or it is necessary for him to stop to avoid an accident, or
  - (b) the vehicle is stopped, for no longer than is necessary, for the purpose of allowing people to board or alight from it.
- (8) The prohibition in this section is enforceable as if imposed
  - (a) in Greater London, by an order under section 6 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984;
  - (b) elsewhere in England and Wales, by an order under section 1 of that

# 86 Prohibition of parking at dropped footways etc.

- (1) In a special enforcement area a vehicle must not be parked on the carriageway adjacent to a footway, cycle track or verge where
  - (a) the footway, cycle track or verge has been lowered to meet the level of the carriageway for the purpose of
    - assisting pedestrians crossing the carriageway,
    - (ii) assisting cyclists entering or leaving the carriageway, or
    - (iii) assisting vehicles entering or leaving the carriageway across the footway, cycle track or verge; or
  - (b) the carriageway has, for a purpose within paragraph (a)(i) to (iii), been raised to meet the level of the footway, cycle track or verge.

This is subject to the following exceptions.

- (2) The first exception is where the vehicle is parked wholly within a designated parking place or any other part of the carriageway where parking is specifically authorised.
  - A "designated parking place" means a parking place designated by order under section 6, 9, 32(1)(b) or 45 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (c. 27).

- (3) The second exception is where the vehicle is parked outside residential premises by or with the consent (but not consent given for reward) of the occupier of the premises.
  - This exception does not apply in the case of a shared driveway.
- (4) The third exception is where the vehicle is being used for fire brigade, ambulance or police purposes.
- (5) The fourth exception is where -
  - (a) the vehicle is being used for the purposes of delivering goods to, or collecting goods from, any premises, or is being loaded from or unloaded to any premises,
  - (b) the delivery, collection, loading or unloading cannot reasonably be carried out in relation to those premises without the vehicle being parked as mentioned in subsection (1), and
  - (c) the vehicle is so parked for no longer than is necessary and for no more than 20 minutes.
- (6) The fifth exception is where -
  - (a) the vehicle is being used in connection with any of the following
    - (i) undertaking any building operation, demolition or excavation,
    - (ii) the collection of waste by a local authority,
    - (iii) removing an obstruction to traffic,
    - (iv) undertaking works in relation to a road, a traffic sign or road lighting, or
    - (v) undertaking works in relation to a sewer or water main or in relation to the supply of gas, electricity, water or communications services,
  - (b) it cannot be so used without being parked as mentioned in subsection (1), and
  - (c) it is so parked for no longer than is necessary.
- (7) In this section "carriageway", "cycle track" and "footway" have the meanings given by section 329(1) of the Highways Act 1980 (c. 66).
- (8) References in this section to parking include waiting, but do not include stopping where—
  - (a) the driver is prevented from proceeding by circumstances beyond his control or it is necessary for him to stop to avoid an accident, or
  - (b) the vehicle is stopped, for no longer than is necessary, for the purpose of allowing people to board or alight from it.
- (9) The prohibition in this section is enforceable as if imposed
  - (a) in Greater London, by an order under section 6 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (c. 27),
  - (b) elsewhere in England and Wales, by an order under section 1 of that Act.